## Chapter 111. Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for Mathematics Subchapter B. Middle School

## §111.26. Grade 6

(a) Introduction.

(1) The *desire to achieve educational excellence* is the driving force behind the Texas essential knowledge and skills for mathematics, guided by the college and career readiness standards. By embedding statistics, probability, and finance, while focusing on computational thinking, mathematical fluency and solid understanding, Texas will lead the way in mathematics education and prepare all Texas students for the challenges they will face in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.

(2) The *process standards* describe ways in which students are expected to engage in the content. The placement of the process standards at the beginning of the knowledge and skills listed for each grade and course is intentional. The process standards weave the other knowledge and skills together so that students may be successful problem solvers and use mathematics efficiently and effectively in daily life. The process standards are integrated at every grade level and course. When possible,

- Students will apply mathematics to problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.
- Students will use a problem-solving model that incorporates analyzing given information, formulating a plan or strategy, determining a solution, justifying the solution, and evaluating the problem-solving process and the reasonableness of the solution.
- Students will select appropriate tools such as real objects, manipulatives, algorithms, paper and pencil, and technology and techniques such as mental math, estimation, and number sense, and generalization and abstraction to solve problems.
- Students will effectively communicate mathematical ideas, reasoning, and their implications using multiple representations such as symbols, diagrams, graphs, computer programs, and language.
- Students will use mathematical relationships to generate solutions and make connections and predictions.
- Students will analyze mathematical relationships to connect and communicate mathematical ideas.
- Students will display, explain, or justify mathematical ideas and arguments using precise mathematical language in written or oral communication.

## (3) The *primary focal areas* in 6<sup>th</sup> grade are

- number and operations,
- proportionality,
- expressions, equations, and relationships
- measurement and data

Students use concepts, algorithms, and properties of rational numbers to explore mathematical relationships and to describe increasingly complex situations. Students use concepts of proportionality to explore, develop, and communicate mathematical relationships. Students use algebraic thinking to describe how a change in one quantity in a relationship results in a change in the other. Students connect verbal, numeric, graphic, and symbolic representations of relationships, including equations and inequalities. Students use geometric properties and relationships, as well as spatial reasoning, to model and analyze situations and solve problems. Students communicate information about geometric figures or situations by quantifying attributes, generalize procedures from measurement experiences, and use the procedures to solve problems. Students use appropriate statistics, representations of data, and reasoning to draw conclusions, evaluate arguments, and make recommendations. While the use of all types of technology is important, *the emphasis on algebra readiness skills necessitates the implementation of graphing technology*.

(4) Statements that contain the word "including" reference content that must be mastered, while those containing the phrase "such as" are intended as possible illustrative examples.

(b) Knowledge and skills.

	Demonstrate Costa and A	Deventing Catagory 2	Demonstring Costs and D	Dementing Category A
Mathematical Process	Reporting Category 1:	Reporting Category 2:	Reporting Category 3:	Reporting Category 4:
Standards	Numerical Representations and	Computations and	Geometry and	Data Analysis and
Standards	Relationships	Algebraic Relationships	Measurement	Personal Financial Literacy
These student	The student will demonstrate an	The student will demonstrate an	The student will	The student will demonstrate
expectations will NOT be	understanding of how to	understanding of how to perform operations	demonstrate an	an understanding of how to
listed under a separate	represent and manipulate	and represent algebraic relationships	understanding of how to	represent and analyze data and
reporting category	numbers and expressions		represent and apply	how to describe and apply
Instead, they will be	numbers and expressions.	63 The standard and is a standard large standard la	represent and apply	now to describe and apply
instead, they will be	6.2	<b>0.3</b> The student applies mathematical process	geometry and	personal infancial concepts.
incorporated into test	<b>O.2</b> The student applies	standards to represent addition, subtraction,	measurement concepts.	C 12
questions across	mathematical process standards to	multiplication, and division while solving problems		<b>D.12</b> The student applies
reporting categories since	represent and use rational numbers in	and justifying solutions. The student is expected	<b>6.4</b> The student applies	mathematical process standards to
the application of	a variety of forms. The student is	to:	mathematical process	use numerical or graphical
mathematical process	expected to:	$(\Lambda)$ recognize that dividing by a rational number	standards to develop an	representations to analyze
standards is part of each		A) <u>recognize</u> that dividing by a fational number	understanding of	problems. The student is expected
knowledge statement.	(A) <u>classify</u> whole numbers, integers,	and multiplying by its recipiocal result in	proportional relationships	to:
	and rational numbers using a visual		in problem situations. The	
6.1 The student uses	diagram to describe relationships	(B) <i>determine</i> , with and without computation.	student is expected to:	(A) <u>represent</u> numeric data
mathematical processes to	hetween sets of numbers:	whether a quantity is increased or decreased when		graphically, including dot plots,
acquire and demonstrate	between sets of numbers,	multiplied by a fraction, including values greater	(H) <u>convert</u> units within a	and how plots:
mathematical	(B) <i>identify</i> a number, its opposite.	than or less than one;	measurement system,	
understanding The student	and its absolute value;		Including the use of	(B) use the graphical
is expected to:		(C) <u>represent</u> integer operations with concrete	proportions and unit rates.	representation of numeric data to
	(C) <u>locate, compare, and order</u>	models and connect the actions with the models		describe the center, spread, and
(A) <i>apply</i> mathematics to	integers and rational numbers using a	to standardized algorithms;	<b>6.8</b> The student applies	shape of the data distribution:
problems arising in everyday	number line;		mathematical process	
life, society, and the		(D) <u>add, subtract, multiply, and divide</u> integers	standards to use geometry	(C) <u>summarize</u> numeric data with
workplace;	(D) <u>order</u> a set of rational numbers	fluently; and	to represent relationships	numerical summaries, including
	arising from mathematical and real-		and solve problems. The	the mean and median (measures
(B) <u>use</u> a problem-solving	world contexts; and	(E) <u>multiply and divide</u> positive rational numbers	student is expected to:	of center) and the range and
model that incorporates	(F) automaticana familiaian	nuently.		interquartile range (IQR)
analyzing given information,	(E) <u>extend</u> representations for division		(A) <u>extend p</u> revious	(measures of spread), <u>and use</u>
<u>formulating</u> a plan or	a / h represents the same number as	<b>6.4</b> The student applies mathematical process	knowledge of triangles and	these summaries to describe the
strategy, <u>determining</u> a	$a \div b$ where $b \neq 0$	standards to develop an understanding of	their properties to include	center, spread, and shape of the
solution, justifying the	$a \cdot b$ where $b \neq 0$ .	proportional relationships in problem situations.	the sum of angles of a	data distribution; and
solution, and <u>evaluating</u> the	CA	The student is expected to:	triangle, the relationship	(D) summaring astronomical data
problem-solving process and	<b>b.4</b> The student applies		between the lengths of	(D) <u>summarize</u> categorical data
the reasonableness of the	mathematical process standards to	(A) <u>compare</u> two rules verbally, numerically,	sides and measures of	summaries including the mode
solution;	develop an understanding of	graphically, and symbolically in the form of $y = ax$	angles in a triangle, and	the percent of values in each
	proportional relationships in problem	or <i>y = x + a</i> in order <u>to differentiate</u> between	determining when three	category (relative frequency
(C) <u>select</u> tools, including	situations. The student is expected to:	additive and multiplicative relationships;	ienguis iorni a triangle;	table) and the percent bar graph
real objects, manipulatives,		(P) apply availability and avantitative reasoning to	(B) model area formulas for	and use these summaries to
technology as appropriate	(C) <u>give</u> examples of ratios as	(b) <u>upply</u> qualitative and qualitative reasoning <u>co</u>	narallelograms transzoids	describe the data distribution.
and techniques, including	multiplicative comparisons of two	solve prediction and comparison of real-world	and triangles hy	
mental math estimation	quantities describing the same	problems involving ratios and rates,	decomposing and	6 12 -
and number sense as	attribute;		rearranging parts of these	<b>U.13</b> The student applies
			shapes;	mathematical process standards to
		P		

<ul> <li>appropriate, to <u>solve</u></li> <li>problems;</li> <li>(D) <u>communicate</u></li> <li>mathematical ideas,</li> <li>reasoning, and their</li> <li>implications <u>using</u> multiple</li> <li>representations, including</li> <li>symbols, diagrams, graphs,</li> <li>and language as</li> <li>appropriate;</li> <li>(E) <u>create and use</u></li> <li>representations to organize,</li> <li>record, and communicate</li> <li>mathematical ideas;</li> <li>(F) <u>analyze</u> mathematical</li> <li>relationships to connect and</li> <li>communicate mathematical</li> <li>ideas; and</li> <li>(G) <u>display, explain, and</u></li> <li><u>justify</u> mathematical ideas</li> <li>and arguments <u>using</u> precise</li> <li>mathematical language in</li> <li>written or oral</li> <li>communication.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(D) <u>give</u> examples of rates as the comparison by division of two quantities having different attributes, including rates as quotients;</li> <li>(E) <u>represent</u> ratios and percents with concrete models, fractions, and decimals;</li> <li>(F) <u>represent</u> benchmark fractions and percents such as 1%, 10%, 25%, 33 1/3%, and multiples of these values using 10 by 10 grids, strip diagrams, number lines, and numbers;</li> <li>(G) <u>generate</u> equivalent forms of fractions, decimals, and percents using real-world problems, including problems that involve money;</li> <li><b>6.5</b> The student applies mathematical process standards to solve problems involving proportional relationships. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(C) <u>use</u> equivalent fractions, decimals, and percents to show equal parts of the same whole.</li> <li><b>6.7</b> The student applies mathematical process standards to develop concepts of expressions and equations. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) <u>generate</u> equivalent numerical expressions using order of operations, including whole number exponents explored to:</li> </ul>	6.5 The student applies mathematical process standards to solve problems involving proportional relationships. The student is expected to: (A) <u>represent</u> mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios and rates using scale factors, tables, graphs, and proportions; (B) <u>solve</u> real-world problems to find the whole given a part and the percent, to find the part given the whole and the percent, and to find the percent given the part and the vhole including the use of concrete and pictorial models; 6.6 The student applies mathematical process standards to use multiple representations to describe algebraic relationships. The student is expected to: (A) <u>identify</u> independent and dependent quantities from tables and graphs; (B) <u>write</u> an equation that represents the relationship between independent and dependent quantities from a table; (C) <u>represent</u> a given situation using verbal descriptions, tables, graphs, and equations in the form $y = kx$ or $y = x + b$ . 6.9 The student applies mathematical process standards to use equations and inequalities to represent situations. The student is expected to:	<ul> <li>(C) <u>write</u> equations that represent problems related to the area of rectangles, parallelograms, trapezoids, and triangles and volume of right rectangular prisms where dimensions are positive rational numbers; and</li> <li>(D) <u>determine</u> solutions for problems involving the area of rectangles, parallelograms, trapezoids, and triangles and volume of right rectangular prisms where dimensions are positive rational numbers.</li> <li>6.11 The student applies mathematical process standards to use coordinate geometry to identify locations on a plane. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) <u>graph</u> points in all four quadrants using ordered pairs of rational numbers.</li> </ul>	use numerical or graphical representations to solve problems. The student is expected to: (A) <u>interpret</u> numeric data summarized in dot plots, stem- and-leaf plots, histograms, and box plots; (B) <u>distinquish</u> between situations that yield data with and without variability <b>6.14</b> The student applies mathematical process standards to develop an economic way of thinking and problem solving useful in one's life as a knowledgeable consumer and investor. The student is expected to: (A) <u>compare</u> the features and costs of a checking account and a debit card offered by different local financial institutions; (B) <u>distinquish</u> between debit cards and credit cards; (C) <u>balance</u> a check register that includes deposits, withdrawals, and transfers; (D) <u>explain</u> why it is important to establish a positive credit history; (E) <u>describe</u> the information in a credit report and how long it is
	<b>b. 7</b> The student applies mathematical process standards to develop concepts of expressions and equations. The student is expected to: (A) <u>generate</u> equivalent numerical expressions using order of operations, including whole number exponents and prime factorization;	oplies6.9The student applies mathematical process standards to xpressions and it is expected to:nt numerical er of operations, ber exponents(A) write one-variable, one-step equations and inequalities to represent constraints or conditions within problems;(B) represent solutions for one-variable, one-step equations and inequalities on number lines; and	pairs of rational numbers.	<ul> <li>(c) <u>building</u> a check register that includes deposits, withdrawals, and transfers;</li> <li>(D) <u>explain</u> why it is important to establish a positive credit history;</li> <li>(E) <u>describe</u> the information in a credit report and how long it is retained;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(B) <u>distinguish</u> between expressions and equations verbally, numerically, and algebraically;</li> <li>(C) <u>determine</u> if two expressions are equivalent using concrete models, pictorial models, and algebraic representations; and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(C) <u>write</u> corresponding real-world problems given one-variable, one-step equations or inequalities.</li> <li>6.10 The student applies mathematical process standards to use equations and</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>(F) <u>describe</u> the value of credit reports to borrowers and to lenders.</li> <li>(G) <u>explain</u> various methods to pay for college, including through</li> </ul>

	(D) <u>generate</u> equivalent expressions using operations; the inverse, identity, commutative, associative, and distributive properties.	<ul> <li>inequalities to solve problems. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) <u>model and solve</u> one-variable, one-step equations and inequalities that represent problems, including geometric concepts; and</li> <li>(B) <u>determine</u> if the given value(s) make(s) one-variable, one-step equations or inequalities true</li> </ul>			savings, grants, scholarships, student loans, and work study; and (H) <u>compare</u> the annual salary of several occupations requiring various levels of post-secondary education or vocational training and calculate the effects of the different annual salaries on lifetime income.			
Mathematical Process Standards	Reporting Category	Reporting Category	Reporting		Reporting Category			
	1:	2:	Categ	Category		4:		
	Numerical	Computations and	3:		Data Analysis and			
	Representations and	Algebraic Relationships	Geometry and		Personal Financial			
	Relationships		Measurement		Literacy			
These student expectations will NOT be listed under a separate reporting category. Instead, they will be incorporated into test questions across reporting categories since the application of mathematical process standards is part of each knowledge statement.	Readiness	Readiness	Readiness		Readiness			
	Standards	Standards	Standards		Standards			
	4	6	3		3			
	Supporting	Supporting	Supporting		Supporting			
	Standards	Standards	Standards		Standards			
	11	11	3		10			
	Total Assessment	Total Assessment	Total Assessment		Total Assessment			
	Questions	Questions	Questions		Questions			
	8-10	13-15	5-7		6-8			
	Total Points	Total Points	Total Points		Total Points			
	8-13	14-19	5-9		6-10			
Item Types by	1-point questions (multiple-choice and non-multiple-choice items)			29 questions		29 points		
Point	2-point questions (non-multiple-choice items)			7 questions		14 points		
	Total			36 questions		43 points		

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